

Federal Employee Program.

Blue Cross Blue Shield Association 750 9th St NW, Suite 900 Washington, D.C. 20001 1-800-624-5060

Fax 1-877-378-4727

5.45.001

Prescription Drugs Section: **Effective Date:** October 1, 2024 **Original Policy Date:** Subsection: Respiratory Agents September 8, 2011

1 of 4 Subject: Pulmozyme Page:

Last Review Date: September 6, 2024

Pulmozyme

Description

Pulmozyme (dornase alfa)

Background

Cystic fibrosis is caused by defects in the cystic fibrosis gene, which codes for a protein transmembrane conductance regulator (CFTR) that functions as a chloride channel and is regulated by cyclic adenosine monophosphate (cAMP). Mutations in the CFTR gene result in abnormalities of cAMP-regulated chloride transport across epithelial cells on mucosal surfaces (1).

Six classes of defects resulting from CFTR mutations have been described with an autosomal recessive inheritance pattern. Most mutation carriers are asymptomatic and there is some variability in clinical phenotype in persons homozygous for the different mutations (1).

Dornase alfa is a highly purified solution of recombinant human <u>deoxyribonuclease I</u> (rhDNase), an enzyme which selectively cleaves DNA. The enzyme hydrolyzes the DNA present in sputum/mucus of patients with cystic fibrosis and reduces viscosity, thereby improving clearance of secretions (2).

Regulatory Status

FDA-approved indication: Pulmozyme is a recombinant DNase enzyme indicated in conjunction with standard therapies for the management of cystic fibrosis (CF) patients to improve pulmonary function (2).

5.45.001

Section:Prescription DrugsEffective Date:October 1, 2024Subsection:Respiratory AgentsOriginal Policy Date:September 8, 2011

Subject: Pulmozyme Page: 2 of 4

Off-Label Uses:

The use of Pulmozyme should be considered for all CF patients who may experience potential benefit in pulmonary function or who may be at risk of respiratory tract infection (2-4).

Related policies

Kalydeco, Orkambi, Symdeko, Trikafta

Policy

This policy statement applies to clinical review performed for pre-service (Prior Approval, Precertification, Advanced Benefit Determination, etc.) and/or post-service claims.

Pulmozyme may be considered **medically necessary** if the conditions indicated below are met.

Pulmozyme may be considered **investigational** for all other indications.

Prior-Approval Requirements

Diagnosis

Patient must have the following:

1. Cystic Fibrosis (CF)

Prior – Approval Renewal Requirements

Same as above

Policy Guidelines

Pre - PA Allowance

None

Prior - Approval Limits

Duration 12 months

Prior - Approval Renewal Limits

Same as above

5.45.001

Section:Prescription DrugsEffective Date:October 1, 2024Subsection:Respiratory AgentsOriginal Policy Date:September 8, 2011

Subject: Pulmozyme Page: 3 of 4

Rationale

Summary

Daily administration of Pulmozyme (dornase alfa) Inhalation Solution in conjunction with standard therapies is indicated in the management of cystic fibrosis patients to improve pulmonary function (2).

Prior authorization is required to ensure the safe, clinically appropriate, and cost-effective use of Pulmozyme (dornase alfa) while maintaining optimal therapeutic outcomes.

References

- Cohen-Cymberknoh M, Shoseyov D, Kerem E. Managing cystic fibrosis. Strategies that increase life expectancy and improve quality of life. Am J Respir Crit Care Med 2011;183: 1463-1471.
- 2. Pulmozyme [package insert]. South San Francisco, CA: Genentech, Inc.; February 2024
- 3. Infant Care Guidelines: Cystic Fibrosis F, Borowitz D, Robinson KA, et al. Cystic Fibrosis Foundation evidence-based guidelines for management of infants with cystic fibrosis. The Journal of pediatrics. 2009;155(6 Suppl):S73-93.
- 4. Preschool Guidelines: Lahiri T, Hempstead SE, Brady C, et al. Clinical Practice Guidelines from the Cystic Fibrosis Foundation for Preschoolers with Cystic Fibrosis. Pediatrics. 2016;137(4).

Policy History	
Date	Action
September 2011	Criteria modified to delete requirement for FVC >40%, based on manufacturer's package labeling: "Pulmozyme (dornase alfa) Inhalation Solution has also been evaluated in a second randomized, placebo-controlled study in clinically stable patients with baseline FVC <40% of predicted. Pulmozyme did not significantly reduce the risk of developing a respiratory tract infection requiring parenteral antibiotics.
September 2012 March 2013	Annual editorial and reference update Annual editorial review
March 2014	Annual review Annual review
March 2015 December 2015	Annual criteria review and reference update Annual editorial review

5.45.001

Section:Prescription DrugsEffective Date:October 1, 2024Subsection:Respiratory AgentsOriginal Policy Date:September 8, 2011

Subject: Pulmozyme Page: 4 of 4

September 2016 Annual editorial review, addition of age, update to FDA indication to match

package insert. Policy number change from 5.13.01 to 5.45.01

March 2017 Annual review
March 2018 Annual review

Addition of criteria per Cystic Fibrosis guidelines for the use in all patients

June 2018 Annual editorial review and reference update

March 2019 Annual review
March 2020 Annual review
March 2021 Annual review

September 2022 Annual review and reference update

December 2022 Annual review
September 2023 Annual review
December 2023 Annual review
September 2024 Annual review

Keywords

This policy was approved by the FEP® Pharmacy and Medical Policy Committee on September 6, 2024 and is effective on October 1, 2024.