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5.21.033

| Last Review Date: March 7, 2025 | | | |
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| Subsection: | Antineoplastic Agents | Original Policy Date: | April 26, 2013 |
| Section: | Prescription Drugs | Effective Date: | April 1, 2025 |

Cometriq

Description

Cometriq (cabozantinib)

Background

Cometriq (cabozantinib) is a kinase inhibitor that blocks abnormal kinase proteins involved in the development and growth of medullary cancer cells. Cometriq inhibits the tyrosine kinase activity to treat medullary thyroid cancer that has spread to other parts of the body (metastasized). These receptor tyrosine kinases are involved in both normal cellular function and cancer processes such as cancer growth, spreading to other parts of the body, tumor blood vessel formation, and maintenance of the tumor microenvironment (1).

Regulatory Status

FDA-approved indication: Cometriq is a kinase inhibitor indicated for the treatment of progressive, metastatic medullary thyroid cancer (MTC) (1).

Off-Label Uses: (2-3)

1. Non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC)

Cometriq carries a warning regarding the risks of gastrointestinal (GI) perforations, fistula formation, hemorrhage, thrombotic events and impaired wound healing. Discontinue Cometriq in patients who experience a perforation or a fistula. Serious and sometimes fatal hemorrhage has occurred with Cometriq. Do not administer Cometriq to patients with a recent history of hemorrhage or hemoptysis (1).

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Cometriq therapy should be discontinued in patients who experience hypertensive crisis, myocardial infarction, cerebral infarction, osteonecrosis of the jaw, nephritic syndrome, Palmarplantar erythrodysesthesia syndrome (PPES) or reversible posterior leukoencephalopathy syndrome (RPLS) (1).

Cometriq therapy should be withheld for dehiscence or wound complications requiring intervention. Stop treatment with Cometriq at least 21 days prior to scheduled surgery and resume after surgery based on clinical judgment of adequate wound healing (1).

Cometriq is not recommended for use in patients with severe hepatic impairment as safety and efficacy have not been established (1).

Cometriq can cause fetal harm. Female patients of reproductive potential should be advised to the potential risk to a fetus and to use effective contraception (1).

Safety and effectiveness of Cometriq in pediatric patients have not been established (1).

Related policies

Caprelsa, Sutent, Votrient

Policy

This policy statement applies to clinical review performed for pre-service (Prior Approval, Precertification, Advanced Benefit Determination, etc.) and/or post-service claims.

Cometriq may be considered **medically necessary** if the conditions indicated below are met.

Cometriq may be considered **investigational** for all other indications.

Prior-Approval Requirements

Age 18 years of age or older

Diagnoses

Patient must have **ONE** of the following:

- 1. Medullary Thyroid Cancer (MTC)
 - a. Progressive and/or metastatic

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2. Non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC)

AND ALL of the following for ALL indications:

- 1. NO recent history of hemorrhage or hemoptysis
- 2. Prescriber agrees to discontinue therapy if gastrointestinal (GI) perforation or fistula formation occurs

Prior – Approval Renewal Requirements

Age 18 years of age or older

Diagnoses

Patient must have **ONE** of the following:

- Medullary Thyroid Cancer (MTC)

 Progressive and/or metastatic
- 2. Non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC)

AND NONE of the following for ALL indications:

- 1. Hemorrhage or hemoptysis
- 2. Gastrointestinal (GI) perforations or fistula

Policy Guidelines

Pre - PA Allowance

Prior - Approval Limits

Duration 12 months

Prior – Approval Renewal Limits

Same as above

Rationale

Summary

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Cometriq (cabozantinib) is a kinase inhibitor used for the treatment of patients with progressive, metastatic medullary thyroid cancer (MTC) and Non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC). Discontinue the medication if there are any gastrointestinal perforations, severe hemorrhage, wound complications, thrombotic events, hypertensive crisis, osteonecrosis of the jaw, Palmar-plantar erythrodysesthesia syndrome (PPES), nephrotic syndrome, or reversible posterior leukoencephalopathy syndrome (RPLS). Safety and effectiveness of Cometriq in pediatric patients have not been established (1).

Prior approval is required to ensure the safe, clinically appropriate, and cost-effective use of Cometriq while maintaining optimal therapeutic outcomes.

References

- 1. Cometriq [package insert]. South San Francisco, CA: Exelixis, Inc.; August 2023.
- 2. NCCN Drugs & Biologics Compendium[®] Cabozantinib 2025. National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. Accessed on January 14, 2025.
- 3. NCCN Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology[®] Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (Version 3.2025). National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. January 2025. Accessed on January 14, 2025.

| Policy History | |
|----------------|--|
| Date | Action |
| June 2013 | Addition to PA |
| September 2014 | Annual editorial review |
| | Removal of moderate to severe hepatic impairment and (RPLS) from |
| | renewal |
| June 2015 | Annual editorial review |
| June 2016 | Annual editorial review |
| | Policy code changed from 5.04.33 to 5.21.33 |
| June 2017 | Annual editorial review and reference update |
| | Addition of age limit to renewal requirements |
| June 2018 | Annual editorial review and reference update |
| | Addition of NSCLC to initiation and renewal criteria |
| June 2019 | Annual review and reference update |
| June 2020 | Annual review and reference update |
| March 2021 | Annual editorial review and reference update |
| March 2022 | Annual review and reference update |
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| March 2023 March 2024 March 2025 | Annual review and reference update. Changed policy number to 5.21.033 Annual editorial review and reference update. Changed word "physician" to "prescriber" for requirement to discontinue therapy for GI perforation or fistula formation Annual review and reference update | | |
| Keywords | | | |

This policy was approved by the FEP® Pharmacy and Medical Policy Committee on March 7, 2025 and is effective on April 1, 2025.